Algoma Family Services Financial Statements For the year ended March 31, 2023

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Tel: 705-945-0990 Fax: 705-942-7979 Toll-free: 800-520-3005 www.bdo.ca BDO Canada LLP 747 Queen Street E PO Box 1109 Sault Ste. Marie ON P6A 5N7 Canada

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Algoma Family Services

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Algoma Family Services (the Organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2023 and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Algoma Family Services as at March 31, 2023 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Canada Ut

Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario

June 27, 2023



Algoma Family Services Statement of Financial Position

March 31		2023	2022
Assets			
Current Cash Receivables Prepaid expenses	\$	2,011,245 494,389 388	\$ 1,338,516 239,811 22,262
		2,506,022	1,600,589
Capital assets (Note 2)		4,984,975	3,010,349
Restricted cash (Note 3)		62,831	62,831
	\$	7,553,828	\$ 4,673,769
Liabilities and Net Assets			
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Grants repayable (Note 6) Deferred revenue (Note 7) Current portion of long-term debt (Note 8)	\$	1,762,094 220,671 82,279	\$ 848,674 88,631 140,973 37,724
		2,065,044	1,116,002
Deferred capital contributions (Note 9)	_	1,703,682	604,979
	_	3,768,726	1,720,981
Net assets Reserves (Note 10) Investment in capital assets Unrestricted net assets Restricted	_	149,396 3,281,293 291,582 62,831 3,785,102	154,093 2,367,646 368,218 62,831 2,952,788
	\$	7,553,828	\$ 4,673,769

On behalf of the Board:

Director

Director

Algoma Family Services Statement of Operations

For the year ended March 31	2023	2022
Revenue		
Government grants	\$ 12,428,777	7 \$ 11,075,815
Operational revenue - other	576,128	
Rental income	22,104	•
Fees	76,547	•
Amortization of deferred capital contributions (Note 9)	96,488	•
Cost recoveries	275,028	•
Other	319,859	
		<u> </u>
	13,794,931	12,433,429
Formando	, <u>-</u> ,	·-
Expenses		
Advertising and promotion	20,419	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Amortization	293,630	•
Contracted services	1,071,822	· ·
Insurance	52,250	34,505
Interest on long-term debt	197	7 1,824
Memberships	25,100	27,239
Occupancy costs	473,494	321,954
Office	148,417	7 91,326
Professional fees	228,016	•
Program costs	1,124,403	
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	9,275,800	
Travel and training	249,069	• •
		100,110
	12,962,617	11,943,647
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 832,314	\$ 489,782

Algoma Family Services Statement of Changes in Net Assets

	Reserves	Invested in Capital Assets	Unrestricted Net Assets	Restricted Assets	Total
Balance at March 31, 2021	\$ 195,566	\$ 1,866,185	\$ 338,424	\$ 62,831	\$ 2,463,006
2022					
Excess (deficiency) of					
revenues over expenses	-	(178,381)	668,163	-	489,782
Capital assets acquired	-	915,340	(915,340)	•	
Deferred capital grants	-	(363,012)	363,012	-	-
Deferred contribution of		•			
capital assets	•	38,157	(38,157)	•	-
Principal payments on debt	-	89,357	(89,357)	-	-
Transfer from reserve	(41,473)		41,473		
Balance at March 31, 2022	154,093	2,367,646	368,218	62,831	2,952,788
2023					
Excess (deficiency) of					
revenues over expenses	_	(293,630)	1,125,944	_	832,314
Capital assets acquired	_	2,268,256	(2,268,256)		052,517
Deferred capital grants	_	(1,195,191)	1,195,191	-	-
Deferred contribution of	_	(1,100,101)	1,100,101	_	_
capital assets	_	96,488	(96,488)		_
Principal payments on debt	_	37,724	(37,724)	_	_
Transfer from reserve	(4,697)	31,124	4,697	-	-
	(1,001)		7,001		
Balance at March 31, 2023	\$ 149,396	\$ 3,281,293	\$ 291.582	\$ 62,831	\$ 3,785,102

Algoma Family Services Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31		2023	2022
Cash flows from operating activities			
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$	832,314 \$	489,782
Items not involving cash		000 000	470 004
Amortization of capital assets Amortization of deferred contributions		293,630	178,381
Amortization of deterred contributions	_	(96,488)	(38,157)
		1,029,456	630,006
Changes in non-cash working capital balances			
Receivables		(254,578)	103,558
Prepaid expenses		21,874	(22,262)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		913,421	(574,045)
Grants repayable		132,040	36,568
Deferred revenue	_	(58,694)	(558,427)
	_	1,783,519	(384,602)
Cools flows from investing a stilling			
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of capital assets		(0.000.050)	(045.040)
Deferred capital contributions		(2,268,256)	(915,340)
Deletted capital contributions	_	1,195,191	363,012
	_	(1,073,065)	(552,328)
Cook flows from financian activities			
Cash flows from financing activities Principal payments on long-term debt		(37,725)	(89,357)
Increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents	_	672,729	(1,026,287)
		·	
Cash, beginning of year	_	1,338,516	2,364,803
Cash, end of year	\$	2,011,245 \$	1,338,516

Summary of significant accounting policies

Nature of Operations Algoma Family Services was incorporated under the Ontario Business Corporations Act on April 1, 2001. The Organization is principally involved in providing children's mental health, treatment and crisis response, adult and family counselling, employee assistance programs, family support services, substance abuse counselling and young offender's services to the District of Algoma. The Organization is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act and accordingly is exempt from income taxes under section 149(1)(f) of the Act.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Revenue Recognition The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

> Contributions restricted for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the related capital assets.

Restricted assets

Certain amounts, as approved by the Board of Directors, are set aside as restricted net assets for future operating expenditures.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization, based on the estimated useful life of the asset, is provided by the declining balance basis using the following rates:

•	-
Land improvements	- 5%
Buildings	- 5%
Furniture and equipment	- 10% - 30%
Computer equipment	- 30%
Computer software	- 50%
Automotive	- 30%

Financial Instruments Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, they are reported at cost or amortized cost less impairment, if applicable. Financial assets are tested for impairment when changes in circumstances indicate the asset could be impaired.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

March 31, 2023

Canital assets

4.	Capital assets				
				2023	
			_		

			2023			2022
		Cost	ccumulated mortization	Cost	_	Accumulated Amortization
Land	\$	165,726	\$ -	\$ 165,726	\$	-
Land improvements		31,219	12,536	31,219		11,783
Buildings		6,915,235	2,545,251	4,906,571		2,368,112
Furniture and equipment		619,880	503,410	604,348		491,332
Computer equipment		885,935	780,742	885,935		727,408
Computer software		378,041	238,850	212,871		201,504
Automotive	_	154,616	 84,888	75,727		71,909
	\$	9,150,652	\$ 4,165,677	\$ 6,882,397	\$	3,872,048
Net book value			\$ 4,984,975		\$	3,010,349

Restricted cash

The Organization holds cash which has been either internally or externally restricted for specific purposes. The funds on hand from the sale of the Residential Treatment Unit have been externally restricted by the funder. The other restricted cash has been internally restricted by the Board of the Organization.

The restricted cash balances include the following:

	 2023	 2022
Residual funds from sale of Clarica shares Residual funds from sale of MacKenzie shares Residual funds from sale of Residential Treatment Unit	\$ 18,106 681 44,044	\$ 18,106 681 44,044
	\$ 62,831	\$ 62,831

Line of credit

The Organization has an authorized line of credit of \$500,000 at a rate of prime plus 0.5%. At March 31, 2023, the credit is unused.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are government remittances of \$22,971 (2022 - \$18,679).

March 3	1, 2023
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6.	Grants repayable				
			2023		2022
	Ministry of Children and Youth Services	\$	40,935	\$	40,939
	Ministry of Community and Social Services		179,736		47,692
		\$	220,671	\$	88,631
 7.	Deferred revenue	<u> </u>			
			2023		2022
	Balance, beginning of year	\$	140,973	\$	699,400
	Capital grants deferred in the year		14,506		74,454
	Amounts included in revenue		(73,200)	_	(632,881
	Balance, end of year	\$	82,279	\$	140,973
 8.	Long-term debt				
			2023		2022
	Loan payable \$7,583 monthly which includes interest at 2.06% per annum, secured by specific buildings and a general security agreement,				
	repaid during the year	\$	-	\$	37,724
	Less current portion		•		37,724
		\$	•	\$	_

9. Deferred capital contributions

Government grants were received to finance the purchase of certain capital assets. Deferred grants related to capital assets represent the unamortized amount of grants received.

	_	2023_		2022
Balance, beginning of year Grants deferred in the year Amortization of deferred capital contributions	\$	604,979 1,195,191 (96,488)	•	280,124 363,012 (38,157)
Balance, end of year	\$	1,703,682	\$	604,979

March 31, 2023

10.	Reserves		2023	2022
	Energy break EAP / Fee for service Triple P Supervised Access Program Miscellaneous	\$	25,758 30,087 40,018 4,263 49,270	\$ 25,758 34,784 40,018 4,263 49,270
		\$	149,396	\$ 154,093

11. Commitments

The Organization is committed under operating leases of rental properties, a vehicle and computer equipment extending for various periods to 2025. Future minimum annual payments required over the next two years are as follows:

2024	\$ 5,539
2025	\$ 1,819

12. Economic dependence

The Organization has a number of agreements with the Provincial Government. As a result of the amount of funding received under these agreements, the Organization was financially dependent on the Provincial Government.

13. Algoma Family Services Foundation

The Organization has an economic interest in the Algoma Family Services Foundation as the purpose of the Foundation is to receive and maintain funds to enhance or supplement the children's mental health programs and services available through the Organization.

During the year the Foundation utilized office space of the Organization at no cost.

In the last two years there have been no donations from the Algoma Family Services Foundation recorded on the Statement of Operations.

March 31, 2023

14. Financial instrument risk

The Organization's management monitors, evaluates and manages the principal risks assumed with financial instruments on a daily basis. The risks that arise from transacting financial instruments include liquidity risk, credit risk and interest rate risk.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the organization's management of accounts payable and other current liabilities. It is the risk that the organization will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they fall due. The organization's policy to minimize this risk is to ensure an adequate line of credit exists for the organization.

Credit risk

Credit risk arises principally from the organization's cash and receivables. The cash is exposed to concentration risk as it is held with one institution and is in excess of the Canadian Deposit Insurance Corporation limits, however the cash is held at a reputable institution from which management believes the risk of loss to be remote. The organization is also exposed to credit risk resulting from the possibility that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises principally from the organization's credit facility. It is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The credit facility has a variable interest rate. Changes in the bank's prime lending rate can cause fluctuations in interest payments and cash flows. The organization does not use derivative financial instruments to alter the effect of this risk.

15. Bill 124

Effective June 2019, the Province of Ontario enacted Bill 124 "Protecting a Sustainable Public Sector for Future Generations Act, 2019". This legislation limited compensation increases to 1.0% per year for a three-year moderation period for both unionized and non-unionized employees in the Ontario public sector. The starting dates of the moderation period varied across entities and employee groups. On November 29, 2022, the Ontario Superior Court of Justice struck down Bill 124, finding it unconstitutional and declaring it to be "void and of no effect". On December 29, 2022, the Ontario government filed a Notice of Appeal with the Ontario Court of Appeal. The impact, if any, to the organization as a result of the Ontario Superior Court decision is not determinable at this time. As such, no provision has been made in the financial statements.